

### 29.—Coal Produced in the Principal Countries of the World, 1913 and 1926-39

NOTE.—For corresponding figures for 1914-25, see the 1932 Year Book, p. 281. Figures in this table, except as indicated, are from the Imperial Institute's Statistical Summary.

#### BRITISH EMPIRE

Year	United Kingdom	British India	Canada <sup>1</sup>	Australia	New Zealand	Union of South Africa
	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons
1913.....	287,431	16,208	13,404	12,418	1,888	9,583
1926.....	126,279	20,093	14,694	14,208	2,240	12,745
1927.....	251,232	22,082	15,560	14,978	2,367	12,382
1928.....	237,763	22,543	15,683	13,432	2,437	12,408
1929.....	257,907	23,419	15,622	12,106	2,536	12,813
1930.....	243,882	23,803	13,287	11,363	2,542	12,030
1931.....	219,459	21,716	10,931	10,595	2,158	10,709
1932.....	208,733	20,153	10,481	11,157	1,842	9,764
1933.....	207,112	20,284	10,628	11,672	1,821	10,545
1934.....	220,728	22,608	12,331	12,418	2,060	12,002
1935.....	222,252	23,592	12,400	13,109	2,115	13,360
1936.....	228,454	23,176	13,597	14,415	2,140	14,607
1937.....	240,409	25,662	14,139	15,468	2,278	15,246
1938.....	227,015	28,343	12,763	15,356	2,222	16,027
1939.....	<sup>2</sup>	27,767	13,873	<sup>2</sup>	2,343	16,624

#### FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Year	Saar	Germany	Belgium	France	Czecho-slovakia	Poland	Nether-lands	Japan	United States
	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons	'000 long tons
1913....	<sup>3</sup>	274,264	22,474	40,188	<sup>4</sup>	<sup>4</sup>	1,843	20,973	508,893
1926....	13,465	280,656	24,913	51,607	32,491	35,139	8,677	31,089	591,720
1927....	13,381	299,511	27,130	52,021	33,106	37,560	9,374	33,177	535,625
1928....	12,900	312,092	27,108	51,601	34,459	40,047	10,941	33,445	514,369
1929....	13,365	332,560	26,514	54,109	38,465	45,686	11,552	34,479	541,232
1930....	13,027	284,148	26,982	54,163	33,098	36,968	12,160	31,007	479,385
1931....	11,187	247,971	26,615	51,280	30,544	37,699	12,818	27,661	394,406
1932....	10,273	223,796	21,075	46,511	26,394	28,412	12,677	27,717	321,040
1933....	10,394	232,752	24,900	47,223	25,191	26,957	12,471	32,999	342,118
1934....	11,139	257,990	25,972	47,889	25,451	28,797	12,237	36,658	371,907
1935....	<sup>3</sup>	287,445	26,087	46,375	25,769	28,110	11,775	34,354	379,046
1936....	<sup>2</sup>	314,631	27,427	45,418	27,737	29,291	12,688	37,466	440,774
1937....	<sup>3</sup>	363,390	29,388	44,618	34,125	35,665	14,236	<sup>2</sup>	444,096
1938....	<sup>3</sup>	375,137	29,107	46,803	26,200	37,512	13,442	<sup>2</sup>	348,865
1939....	-	<sup>2</sup>	29,376	46,809	<sup>2</sup>	<sup>2</sup>	12,658	<sup>2</sup>	392,807

<sup>1</sup> Dominion Bureau of Statistics figures.

<sup>2</sup> Data not available.

<sup>3</sup> Included with Germany.

<sup>4</sup> Not separately reported.

#### Subsection 2.—Natural Gas and Petroleum

**Natural Gas.**—The producing wells in Eastern Canada are in southwestern Ontario, and near Moncton, N.B. The principal producing fields in Alberta are the Turner Valley (about 35 miles southwest of Calgary), Medicine Hat, Viking (about 80 miles southeast of Edmonton), Redcliff, Foremost, Bow Island and Wetaskiwin. Wainwright is supplied with gas from the Maple Leaf well in the Fabyan field. Near Lloydminster, in Saskatchewan, a well was brought into production during 1934 and is now supplying that town with gas. In 1941, Ontario was credited with over 59 p.c. of the total value and 31 p.c. of the total quantity, while Alberta produced 38 p.c. by value and over 67 p.c. of the total quantity.